壹、單選題：(一)三十題，題號自第1題至第30題，每題二分，計六十分。
    (二)未作答者不給分，答錯者倒扣該題分數四分之一。
    (三)請將正確答案以2B鉛筆描記於答案卡內。

I. 字彙（第1題至第10題，共20分）
1. Alcohol and driving don’t mix. In many places, ______ driving is the major cause of traffic accidents.
   (A) serious (B) mature (C) drunk (D) regular
2. After receiving a heart ______, the patient had a greater chance of survival.
   (A) transportation (B) transformation (C) transplant (D) transfer
3. George’s performance in school has become worse and worse since he became ______ to online games.
   (A) addicted (B) adjusted (C) destroyed (D) damaged
4. The police detective asked the witness to ______ how the robbery had happened.
   (A) display (B) concern (C) guide (D) describe
5. Giving free ______ and discounts are common marketing devices to increase sales.
   (A) responses (B) samples (C) contents (D) functions
6. It is reported that 88% of women who suffer domestic ______ do not leave their spouses because they have nowhere to go.
   (A) poison (B) violence (C) outbreak (D) equipment
7. During the earthquake, a number of buildings ______ and hundreds of people were hurt.
   (A) collapsed (B) defended (C) rescued (D) knocked
8. To succeed in almost any career, a ______ attitude is necessary.
   (A) mysterious (B) complicated (C) private (D) professional
9. Fingerprints are ______; no people have the same.
   (A) effective (B) unique (C) thoughtful (D) creative
10. The hostage was ______ as soon as his family paid the ransom.
    (A) criticized (B) promoted (C) released (D) advised

II. 成語（第11題至第15題，共10分）
11. If we don’t ______, we’ll miss the beginning of the concert.
    (A) hold on (B) hand in (C) put away (D) hurry up
12. Jason had to ______ a three-page application form for a credit card.
    (A) depend on (B) belong to (C) fill in (D) result from
13. The flight attendant asked the passenger to ______ his cigarette and fasten his seat belt.
    (A) put out (B) set out (C) turn out (D) break out
14. The problem was tough for the engineers. They were trying to ______ a solution.
    (A) come up with (B) get rid of (C) give in to (D) run out of
15. Take the cellphone with you, so that you can call us ______ an emergency.
    (A) in need of (B) in spite of (C) on behalf of (D) in case of
III. 文法（第 16 題至第 20 題，共 10 分）

The Great Wall of China is known to be over 1900 kilometers long, __16__ it by far the longest wall in the world. If it were laid out in a straight line, it __17__ 6500 kilometers—as it has many bends and curves. The building of the wall __18__ begun in the third century B.C. by the Emperor Shih Huangti. The reason it was built was to keep the Huns out of Central Asia. Over the centuries, it __19__ added to, rebuilt and repaired. Not only __20__ one of the greatest creations of mankind, but it is also the only man-made structure visible from space.

16. (A) and makes (B) to make (C) making (D) that makes
17. (A) reaches (B) will reach (C) reached (D) would reach
18. (A) says to have (B) said to be (C) is said to be (D) is said to have
19. (A) has been (B) is (C) was (D) has
20. (A) is it (B) does it (C) it is (D) it used to be

IV. 句型（第 21 題至第 26 題，共 12 分）

21. Tastes differ. Some people like music, _____ love sports, and _____ enjoy reading.
   (A) some…other  (B) others…still others  
   (C) another…the other  (D) others…the others
22. Maria is _____ patient and caring that she is regarded as the best nurse in this hospital.
   (A) very  (B) enough  (C) too  (D) so
23. ____ a great honor it is to be invited to the opening ceremony!
   (A) What  (B) How  (C) Such  (D) As
24. It _____ me a whole day to clean up my apartment.
   (A) spent  (B) cost  (C) took  (D) wasted
25. _____ making David change his mind.
   (A) I was difficult  (B) It was difficult for me  
   (C) I had difficulty  (D) I found it difficult
26. _____ that all men are created equal.
   (A) What I believe  (B) It believes  (C) My belief  (D) It is my belief

V. 閱讀測驗（第 27 題至第 30 題，共 8 分）

Musicals have become one of the most extravagant forms of entertainment around. Certainly one of the most popular in recent years is Cats, a musical written by Andrew Lloyd Webber. Webber is the incredibly successful composer behind many famous musicals, and Cats stands as one of the most famous. Cats is based on a book of poems by T.S. Eliot. The poems are fun and playful, and less intellectual and serious than the majority of Eliot's works. Cats was first performed in London in 1981, and had its final performance in 2002, hence the longest running musical at the time. It had nearly nine thousand performances. It was also performed on Broadway, starting in 1982, and was the longest-running musical in Broadway history until this record was broken by another of Webber's musicals, The Phantom of the Opera. Cats is essentially a musical fantasy. The human actors dress in elaborate cat costumes, and its various characters are introduced through songs. The story line is quite minimal, and not much happens. The main focus of the play is the characters themselves, and through the songs they share their personalities and their stories. The song Memory was particularly popular, and is often played outside of the Cats musical.
27. Which of the following is true about the creation of *Cats*?

(A) It only uses Andrew Lloyd Webber’s ideas.

(B) It was written by T.S. Eliot for Andrew Lloyd Webber.

(C) It was written by Andrew Lloyd Webber, who used the ideas of T.S. Eliot.

(D) It was written by Andrew Lloyd Webber and adapted by T.S. Eliot.

28. Which is true about the musical *Cats*?

(A) It was performed in London for about 21 years.

(B) It is the longest running musical on Broadway.

(C) The Phantom of the Opera is its sequel.

(D) The main characters in it are real cats.

29. What does the passage suggest about the musical?

(A) It focuses on the plot more than the characters.

(B) It focuses on the characters more than the plot.

(C) It focuses on music instead of the plot and the characters.

(D) The characters are not as important as the special effects.

30. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?

(A) The first performance of *Cats* was in England.

(B) Webber has become rich thanks to his successful musicals.

(C) The musical *Cats* is not very realistic.

(D) One of the songs from *Cats* is quite famous outside of the play.

31. The teacher _____ her students correct their answers in red.

(A) asked   (B) let   (C) made   (D) had   (E) wanted

32. You are _____ succeed if you work hard.

(A) possible to   (B) likely to   (C) sure to   (D) bound to

(E) on your way to

33. _____ playing computer games, Kevin plays basketball in his free time.

(A) Besides   (B) Beside   (C) In addition   (D) In addition to   (E) Except

34. We may never discover what _____ that night.

(A) took place   (B) happened   (C) was happened   (D) was occurred   (E) held
35. _____, I will go shopping tomorrow.
   (A) After finish my homework (B) Finishing my homework
   (C) If I finish my homework (D) Finished my homework
   (E) Weather permitting

36. There are only three openings. However, _____ university graduates compete for them.
   (A) a lot of (B) a large number of (C) a large amount of
   (D) a great many (E) a great deal of

37. 儘管 Diana 很苗條，她還想再瘦幾磅。
   (A) Although Diana is very slender, she still wants to reduce a few pounds.
   (B) Even though Diana is very slender, she still wants to lose a few pounds.
   (C) In spite Diana is very slender, she still wants to be thinner by a few pounds.
   (D) Despite the fact that Diana is very slender, she still wants to lose a few pounds.
   (E) In spite of her slenderness, Diana still wants to reduce a few pounds.

38. 他們贏了那場比賽令我感到很驚訝。
   (A) I’m surprised that they won the game.
   (B) It’s surprising to me that they won the game.
   (C) To my surprise, they won the game.
   (D) It surprises me that they won the game.
   (E) What surprises me is that they won the game.

39. 你不需要道歉。
   (A) You don’t need to apologize.
   (B) You need not apologize.
   (C) It is not necessary for you to apologize.
   (D) There is no need for you to apologize.
   (E) You are not necessary to apologize.

40. 直到大學畢業，Jason 才想到未來。
   (A) Jason thought of his future until he graduated from college.
   (B) Jason didn’t think of his future until he graduated from college.
   (C) Not until Jason thought of his future did he graduate from college.
   (D) Not until Jason graduated from college did he think of his future.
   (E) It was not until Jason graduated from college that he thought of his future.